2011 Libyan uprising / United States should not have intervened

< 2011 Libyan uprising

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Position: United States should not have intervened

This position addresses the topic 2011 Libyan uprising.

For this position

By some measures, Obama's war was less excusable. In going after Saddam, Bush at least could claim to be defusing an ongoing threat to our allies, in a vital region. But Gadhafi had stopped his sponsorship of terrorism, abandoned his nuclear quest and generally tried to become a respectable world citizen. That raises a point Obama may not want to stress. If you're a merciless despot, pondering the fate of your colleagues, there is only one conclusion to draw: Get nukes, and get them now.

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From 'Victory' in Libya, by Steve Chapman (*Chicago Tribune*, August 25, 2011) (view)

Against this position

President Obama took a huge political risk, averted a massacre and helped topple an odious regime. To me, the lesson is not that we should barge into Syria or Yemen — I don't think we should — but that on rare occasions military force can advance human rights. Libya has so far been a model of such an intervention.

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From 'Thank You, America!', by Nicholas D. Kristof (*The New York Times*, August 31, 2011) (view)

The brave rebels who bucked the odds and took on Khadafy's troops deserve the major credit for victory, of course, but they could not have succeeded without the air support they received from Western powers. President Obama can justly claim a foreign policy triumph in the face of considerable skepticism from critics, which included this editorial page.

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From Libya nears end of a brutal era, by The Denver Post editorial board (*The Denver Post*, August 23, 2011) (view)

The U.S. intervention, in concert with NATO and the Arab League, prevented a civilian massacre in March in the eastern city of Benghazi, allowed the rebels to regroup, and helped turn the tide of the standoff. The intervention was a high-stakes gamble about which we've been skeptical, but if ultimately successful, it can be an important step in what stands to be a long, difficult process of rebooting U.S. policy away from support for dictators and toward support for the people's democratic aspirations.

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From Libyan rebels cheer, but story not over, by USA Today editorial board (*USA Today*, August 22, 2011) (view)

Mixed on this position

Libya was the classic "far-off country of which we know little". Except that this time, of course in very different circumstances, we decided to do our bit. Because it was a close argument, there should be no point-scoring now. Critics and supporters of the intervention should be able to join in agreeing that it was a close-run thing, that we are lucky it has turned out, so far, reasonably well, and that the story is far from over.

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From Intervention after Libya, by The Guardian editorial board (*The Guardian*, August 24, 2011) (view)

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